
CDL Hazardous Materials Practice Test 2

26. Which signals may be used to warn of a stopped vehicle that contains explosives?

- A. Signal Fires
- B. Reflective Triangles
- C. Flares or fuses.

Answer: B

27. When transporting chlorine in cargo tanks, you must have:

- A. An approved gas mask.
- B. An emergency kit for controlling leaks in fittings on the dome cover plate.
- C. Both A and B

Answer: C

28. If the word "Forbidden" appears in the hazard class column of an entry in the hazardous materials table:

- A. A common carrier must never transport the material.
- B. A shipment of that material must never be larger than the RQ.
- C. The carrier may not open the package or container.

Answer: A

29. When handling packages of explosive, you must:

- A. Never use hooks or other metal tools.
- B. Keep bystanders 100 feet away.
- C. Double wrap wet boxes in plastic to prevent staining.

Answer: A

30. A railroad crossing is ahead of you and you are handling hazardous material. When you stop for the crossing, you can stop as far away as ____ feet from the nearest rail.

- A. 25
- B. 50
- C. 75

Answer: B

31. Who is responsible for safely transporting a hazardous material shipment without delay and keeping the shipping papers in the right place?

- A. The driver
- B. The carrier
- C. The shipper

Answer: A

32. The basic description of a hazardous material includes the hazard class, the ID number, and the proper shipping name. Which one must appear first on the shipping paper?

- A. The hazard class
- B. The proper shipping name
- C. The identification number

Answer: B

33. Class A explosives must not be transported in a combination vehicle if the vehicle includes:

- A. Two or more trailers.
- B. A 200-inch wheelbase trailer.
- C. A placarded cargo tank.

Answer: C

34. You find an overheated tire during an enroute inspection. If you are hauling hazardous materials, you must:

- A. Wait at least 2 hours before continuing your trip.
- B. Cool the tire, then check it every 2 hours.
- C. Remove the tire and place it a safe distance from the vehicle.

Answer: C

35. The power unit of a placarded vehicle must have a fire extinguisher with a UL rating of ____ B:C or more.

- A. 5
- B. 10
- C. 15

Answer: B

36. A properly prepared Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest:

- A. Must be signed and carried by anyone transporting a hazardous waste.
- B. Is the same as any other shipping paper.
- C. Is required only if there is a loss of cargo during transport.

Answer: A

37. With most hazardous materials, you may park within 5 feet of the road briefly, if your work requires it. The materials that are the exception and do not allow parking this close to the road are:

- A. Explosives A and B.
- B. Corrosives and oxidizers.
- C. Acids and poisons.

Answer: A

38. The intent of hazardous materials regulations is to ensure safety, to contain the material, and:

- A. To tax shippers correctly.
- B. To communicate the risk.
- C. To allow state enforcement.

Answer: B

39. To find out if a shipment includes have hazardous materials, you should:

- A. Open and inspect every package and container.
- B. Check for a fence around the loading dock.
- C. Look at the shipping papers.

Answer: C

40. You have a vehicle without racks to hold cylinders or compressed gas. You may load such cylinders only if they are:

- A. Loaded upright or lying down flat and braced.
- B. Bundled loosely together with steel strapping.
- C. Less than half of the load.

Answer: A

41. A vehicle contains 500 pounds each of explosive A and B. You must have:

- A. "Explosives A" placards.
- B. "Dangerous" placards.
- C. "Blasting Agents" placards.

Answer: A

42. An "X" in the HM column of a shipping paper entry means:

- A. The material is not a hazardous material.
- B. This is an exception to the Hazardous Materials Regulations.
- C. The entry is for a hazardous material.

Answer: C

43. Which of the following must drivers have in their possession while transporting Class A or B explosives?

- A. The carrier's insurance policy
- B. The written route plan
- C. Both of the above.

Answer: B

44. The total transport index of all radioactive material packages in a single vehicle must not exceed ____.

- A. 10
- B. 50
- C. 100

Answer: B

45. Who is responsible for checking to be sure the shipper correctly named, labeled, and marked a hazardous materials shipment?

- A. Shipper
- B. Manufacturer
- C. Carrier

Answer: C

46. If there is an RQ before or after the item description on the shipping paper, it means the:

- A. Material has an insurance value of over \$1,000.00
- B. Material is in a package containing no other materials.
- C. Carrier must report any spill of this material.

Answer: C

47. You have loaded a hazardous material into a cargo tank. What must you do before you move the vehicle?

- A. Call CHEMTREC by phone and tell them where you are going.
- B. Have the loading observers sign the shipping papers.
- C. Close all manholes and valves. Be sure they are free of leaks.

Answer: C

48. A hazard class name or ID number may not be used to describe a:

- A. Non-hazardous material.
- B. Reportable quantity of a hazardous substance.
- C. Hazardous waste.

Answer: A

49. If you are in an accident involving hazardous materials, you should:

- A. Tell only the Emergency Response Team about the hazard.
- B. Keep all people far away and upwind of the accident.
- C. Prevent a panic by acting like nothing is wrong.

Answer: B

50. You do not have a Hazardous Materials endorsement on your Commercial Drivers License. When can you legally haul hazardous material?

- A. Only if it is a non-placarded material
- B. Only when the load is placarded
- C. Only when the shipment does not cross the state lines.

Answer: A